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1-31 MAY 2017

TURKEY CO

Humanitarian Situation Report



SITUATION IN NUMBERS

May 2017

1,438,362

of children affected out of

3,306,593

of people affected

UNICEF Appeal 2017

Syria Crisis: **US\$ 234.9 million**

Refugee and Migrant Crisis in Europe:

US\$ 2.5 million

Highlights

- UNICEF and the Government of Turkey launched the extension of the national Conditional Cash Transfer for Education (CCTE) to promote attendance, reduce drop-out, and encourage enrolment for some 230,000 vulnerable refugee children. Over 56,000 Syrian children received their first payment on 31 May.
- UNICEF signed a partnership with the Kilis Municipality to strengthen collaboration at the local level and support the expansion of child protection, early childhood education, and non-formal and informal education services to refugee children.
- From 3 to 18 May, UNICEF provided support to the Ministry of Health for a second nationwide vaccination campaign for refugee and migrant children under five. Nearly 358,000 children were reached, and approximately 98,000 doses of Pentavalent, 29,000 doses of MMR and 66,000 doses of Hepatitis B vaccines were administered.

Situation Overview & Humanitarian Needs

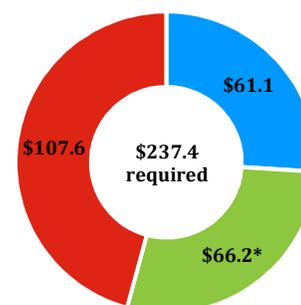
The number of refugees, migrants and asylum seekers registered in Turkey remained relatively static, at just over 3.3 million. Of these, nearly 3 million are Syrians – including over 1.3 million children – while the remaining 310,000 are nationals primarily from Iraq (133,886) and Afghanistan (131,588).¹

Along the western coast of Turkey, the number of refugees and migrant attempting to cross into Europe increased in May, possibly a result of warming weather and calmer seas. According to UNHCR, 2,110 people arrived by sea from Turkey to Greece in May – a 35% increase over April – including 737 children. An additional 1,600 were rescued or apprehended while attempting to cross by land and sea², including around 350 children – 12 of whom were unaccompanied and/or separated minors.

Under the framework of the EU-Turkey Statement, five rounds of returns took place in May for 87 people (all adult single males), bringing the total number of people re-admitted to Turkey since the Statement came into effect, to 1,181.

Funding Status

in millions of USD



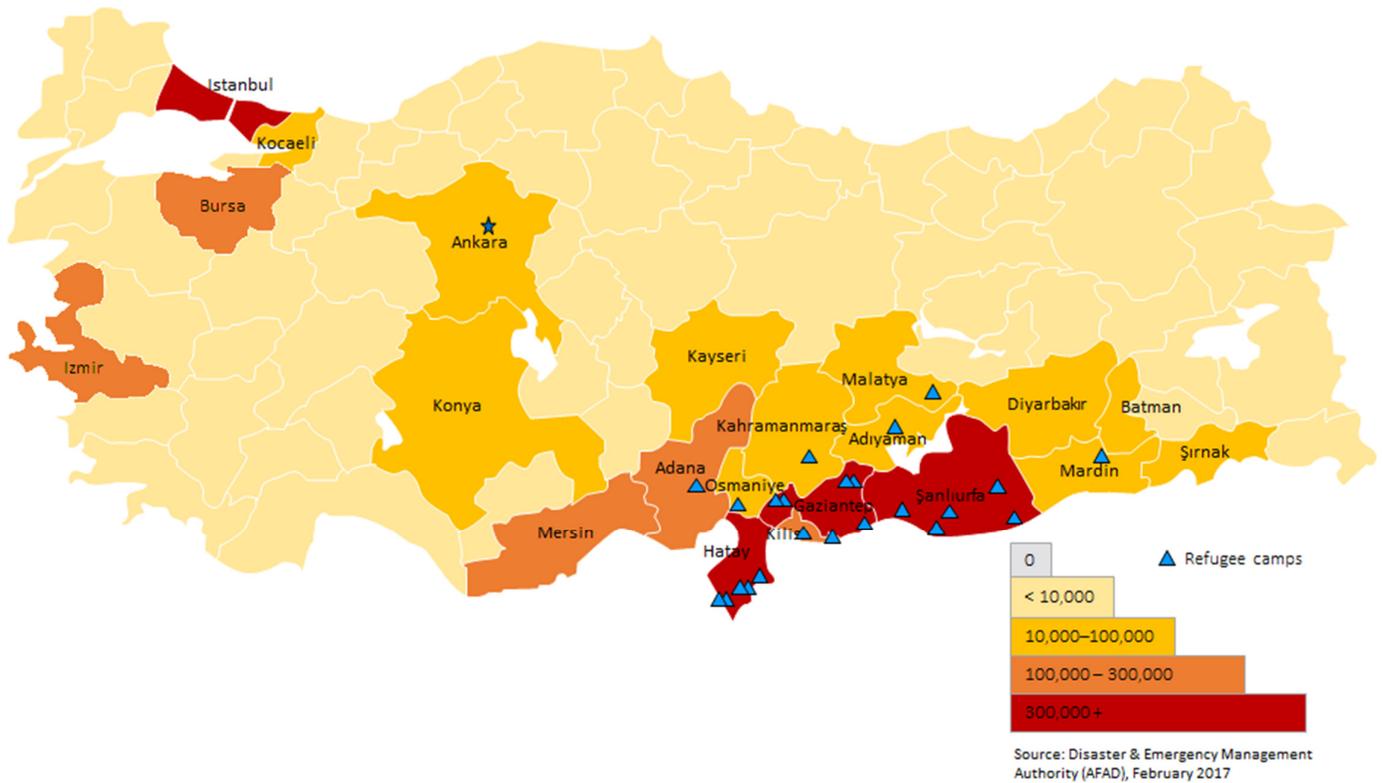
- Funds received
- Carry-forward amount
- Gap

* Carry-forward includes significant contributions received late in 2016, most of which has already been utilized to date.

¹ UNHCR, April 2017. Demographic data on unregistered refugees/migrants is unavailable due to operational constraints.

² 1,551 by land and 434 by sea. Turkish Coast Guard Command, [Irregular Migration Statistics](#), May 2017.

Syrian refugee population in Turkey (by province)



Estimated Affected Population: 3,306,593 ³					
	Registered Syrian refugees		Registered non-Syrian refugees ⁴		Total
	Male	Female	Male	Female	
Total Affected Population	1,592,046	1,400,521	195,462	118,564	3,306,593
Children Affected (Under 18)	697,268	640,409	53,832	46,853	1,438,362
Children Under Five	212,472	197,509	12,695	11,832	434,509
Children Enrolled in Formal Education ⁵	247,108	252,735	N/A		499,843
Children Out-of-School (est.) ⁶	N/A		N/A		370,000

Humanitarian Leadership and Coordination

The Government of Turkey leads the overall crisis response in-country, and remains the largest provider of aid to Syrians under temporary protection, as well as other refugee and migrant groups. The UNCT supports government efforts to respond to the Syria Crisis within the framework of the Regional Refugee and Resilience Plan (3RP), and to the Refugee and Migrant Crisis in Europe (RMCiE) within the framework of the Refugee and Migrant Response Plan (RMRP).

In May 2017, UNICEF signed a two-year rolling work plan (RWP) with the Kilis Municipality to strengthen collaboration at the local level to expand essential services to refugee children. Kilis hosts the most refugees per capita than any other province

³ Due to difficulties in conducting assessments and gathering demographic data on other population groups (such as people on the move toward Europe), these figures include only *registered* Syrians and non-Syrians in Turkey.

⁴ UNHCR, May 2017.

⁵ Ministry of National Education (MoNE), January 2017.

⁶ Out-of-school figures are UNICEF estimates based on the number of school-aged and enrolled children in Turkey, as of January 2017; as a result, age and sex disaggregation is currently unavailable.

in Turkey, with Syrians making up 49% of the total provincial population.⁷ Through this work plan, UNICEF will support the municipality to expand child protection, early childhood education, and non-formal and informal education services to refugee children. UNICEF will also support community outreach to encourage more refugee children to enrol in schools.

Humanitarian Strategy

UNICEF's work in Turkey is guided by the organization's Core Commitments to Children in Humanitarian Action and the close partnership with the Turkish government.

Under the framework of the 3RP and the "No Lost Generation" Initiative, UNICEF focuses on four priority areas – Education, Child Protection, Adolescents and Youth and Basic Needs – to reach refugee children in camps and host communities, as well as vulnerable Turkish children. Under the framework of the RMRP – and in complementarity with more sustained programming under the 3RP – UNICEF provides targeted, immediate child protection and basic needs support to vulnerable children and families on the move toward Europe.

The rapid scale-up of services and strengthening of existing national systems remains a top priority, with an increased focus on a resilience and policy approach to reflect the protracted and complex nature of both the Syria and Refugee and Migrant Crises. Child rights violations by parties to the conflict inside Syria continue to be monitored and documented through the Monitoring & Reporting Mechanism (MRM) capacity.

Summary Analysis of Programme Response

Child Protection

In May, UNICEF focused on strengthening the capacity of NGO and government partners to identify children with serious protection concerns and refer them to specialized protection services. As part of the extension of the Conditional Cash Transfer for Education (CCTE) programme (more details under Social Protection), UNICEF conducted an orientation workshop for 39 staff from the Turkish Red Crescent Society (TRCS) who have been assigned to outreach teams operating in five provinces. These outreach teams are responsible for conducting household visits to the most vulnerable families benefitting from the CCTE in order to identify and refer at-risk children to relevant services and authorities.

In addition, UNICEF organized three trainings for 36 key frontline workers from the Directorate General of Migration Management (DGMM) – including social workers, psychologists and translators – to strengthen their capacity to provide immediate child protection support to refugee and migrant children. Six UNICEF-supported outreach teams are currently deployed along the western coast, and work closely with frontline institutions such as DGMM and the Turkish Coast Guard to identify, register and refer rescued and/or apprehended children with serious protection needs.

Education

With the current school year coming to a close, UNICEF continued preparing for a range of summer activities for children. On 25-26 May, UNICEF organized a second Municipality Network Meeting in Ankara with the participation of 133 individuals from 33 municipalities in 24 provinces across Turkey. The aim of the meeting was to explore new avenues of collaboration to meet the needs of refugee and migrant children, particularly in informal and non-formal education. Municipalities are an increasingly important partner for UNICEF's humanitarian response in 2017, given their keen understanding of both refugee and host community needs, as well as their capacity to implement effectively on the ground in a challenging operational environment.

Together with the Ministry of National Education (MoNE), UNICEF also began organizing the Open High School Examination for Syrian and other refugee students, scheduled for 1 and 2 July 2017. The exam, which will be conducted in Arabic at multiple locations throughout Turkey, is a critical opportunity for refugee students, particularly in temporary education centres, to have their learning achievements recognized – those who pass will receive an internationally-accepted certification (equivalent to a Turkish high school diploma) that will allow them to advance to university in Turkey or abroad. Approximately 6,600 Syrian students have registered for the exam to date.

⁷ DGMM, [Migration Statistics](#), 8 June 2017.

Also in May, UNICEF received the official results from MoNE from the last round of training for current and potential Syrian volunteer teachers, which took place in January and February 2017. Of the approximately 22,500 men and women from 21 provinces who participated, over 18,600 successfully passed and are eligible to provide education to Syrian children in Temporary Education Centers (TECs). UNICEF has already exceeded its target for teacher trainings under the 2017 3RP due to additional requests from MoNE, which are a result of increasing enrolment of Syrian children in TECs and Turkish public schools. More trainings are scheduled for August and September, in advance of the 2017-2018 school year.

Social Protection

On 31 May, UNICEF launched the extension of the national Conditional Cash Transfer for Education (CCTE) to Syrian and other refugee students in Turkey, making its first bi-monthly payments to over 56,000 Syrian children enrolled in Turkish public schools.⁸ The programme, developed in close collaboration with the Ministry of Family and Social Policies (MoFSP), MoNE and the Turkish Red Crescent Society (TRCS) and with the support of donors such as ECHO, Norway and the United States, aims to promote attendance, reduce drop-out, and encourage enrolment for some 230,000 refugee children by the end of 2017. It builds on the significant efforts by the Turkish government to support refugee children, and is complementary to the Emergency Social Safety Net (ESSN). The programme also includes a strategic child protection outreach component, with outreach teams being established in 15 provinces to help ensure that enrolled children's protection needs are identified and addressed.

Youth and Adolescents

In May, UNICEF launched the [Voice of Youth Maps](#), a global online platform through which refugee and Turkish young people can share information and raise issues they face in their daily life. To encourage its widespread use, UNICEF delivered a Training of Trainers (ToT) on the platform (including its mobile phone app) to 22 youth workers working with TRCS in Child and Adolescent Friendly Spaces in 5 provinces⁹. In turn, they will train over 120 Syrian volunteers by the end of 2017. Young people will then be able to share hashtags and photos about their situation, which will contribute to a larger mapping of the issues they face, including barriers accessing education, protection and leisure services.

Health

From 3 to 18 May, UNICEF provided technical and financial support to the Ministry of Health (MoH) to conduct a second round of its nationwide vaccination campaign for refugee and migrant children under five. Like the previous campaign in March 2017, the second round aimed to protect children against diphtheria, pertussis, tetanus, poliomyelitis and influenza (Pentavalent), Measles, Mumps and Rubella (MMR) and Hepatitis B. In total nearly 358,000 children were reached, and approximately 98,000 doses of Pentavalent, 29,000 doses of MMR and 66,000 doses of Hepatitis B vaccines were administered.

Media and External Communications

On 24 May, UNICEF organized a visit by Nikki Haley, US Permanent Representative to the UN, to Adana province to commemorate the opening of the Şakirpaşa Umran TEC, constructed by UNICEF with funding from the United States. During the opening, UNICEF held a live Instagram broadcast and shared an Instagram story of Ambassador Haley interacting with Syrian refugee students, viewed by more than 56,500 people in 20 hours. UNICEF followed up with a number of posts on [Facebook](#), [Instagram](#) and [Twitter](#). In addition, UNICEF published two human interest stories entitled "[Yes, it's a truck!](#)" and "[Some days I just have to listen](#)" (Arabic version [here](#)). UNICEF also joined the global social media campaign "Uprooted," urging G7 leaders to adopt a six-point agenda to keep refugee and migrant children safe.

⁸ The CCTE, while a critical part of UNICEF's Social Protection programme in Turkey, is attributed to the Education sector under the 3RP for 2017-2018.

⁹ Istanbul, Izmir, Kahramanmaraş, Konya and Şanlıurfa

Funding

Funding Requirements as of 12 June 2017 (as defined in the 3RP/RRMRP for a period of 12 months)				
Appeal Sector	Requirements	Funds available*	Funding gap**	
			\$	%
Syria Crisis (3RP)				
Education	\$193,082,500	\$90,655,089	\$102,427,411	53%
Child Protection	\$33,310,000	\$23,471,733	\$9,838,267	30%
Basic Needs	\$8,000,000	\$3,438,878	\$4,561,122	57%
Health & Nutrition	\$500,000	\$400,000	\$100,000	20%
Being allocated		\$6,221,340		
Total	\$234,892,500	\$127,339,903	\$107,552,597	46%
Refugee and Migrant Crisis in Europe (RRMRP)				
Child Protection	\$2,000,000	\$0	\$2,000,000	100%
Basic Needs	\$500,000	\$0	\$500,000	100%
Total	\$2,500,000	\$0	\$2,500,000	100%

* Funds available' includes funding received against the current appeal as well as carry-forward from the previous year.

** Funding gaps have changed due to recent allocations and re-phasing of multi-year funds to 2018.

Next SitRep: 15/07/2017

UNICEF Turkey: <http://www.unicef.org.tr>

UNICEF Syria Crisis: http://www.unicef.org/infobycountry/syriancrisis_68134.html

UNICEF Syria Crisis Facebook: www.facebook.com/unicefmena

UNICEF Syria and Syrian Refugees Humanitarian Action for Children Appeal: <http://www.unicef.org/appeals/index.html>

Whom to contact for further information:

Philippe Duamelle
Representative
UNICEF Turkey
Tel: +90 454 1000
E-mail: ankara@unicef.org

Nona Zicherman
Emergency Coordinator
UNICEF Turkey
Tel: +90 454 1000
Email: nzicherman@unicef.org

Neeraj Malhotra
Monitoring & Reporting Specialist
UNICEF Turkey
Tel: +90 454 1000
Email: nmalhotra@unicef.org

SUMMARY OF PROGRAMME RESULTS

SYRIA CRISIS	Sector Target	Sector Results	UNICEF Target	UNICEF Results	Change since last report
EDUCATION (2017 Needs: 1.56 million Syrian refugees, including 1 million Syrian refugee children)					
# of children (3-5 years, girls/boys) enrolled in ECCE and pre-primary education ¹	22,400		20,000	11,595	1,762
# of Syrian children (5-17 years, girls/boys) enrolled in formal education (grades 1-12) ²	412,200	499,843	400,000	499,843	0
# of children (5-17 years, girls/boys) enrolled in non-formal and informal education ³	110,190		52,000	12,228	568
# of teachers and education personnel (female/male) receiving incentives ⁴	13,000	13,180	13,000	13,180	0
# of teachers and education personnel (female/male) trained ⁵	35,380		28,500	55,639	18,616
CHILD PROTECTION (2017 Needs: 1.23 million Syrian refugee children)					
# of children (girls/boys) participating in structured, sustained child protection or psychosocial support programmes ¹	124,650		100,000	30,847	5,708
# of children with protection needs identified and assessed ²	80,655		77,000	25,108	1,660
# of children (girls/boys) who are receiving specialized child protection services ³	7,700		7,700	9,859	2,465
# of individuals (government and non-government) trained on strengthening GBV prevention and response ⁴	8,780		2,120	886	296
YOUTH					
# of Syrian and Turkish adolescents and youth engaged in empowerment programmes ¹	230,000		200,000	37,042	6,504
BASIC NEEDS (2017 Needs: 10.75 million Syrian refugee and vulnerable Turkish individuals, including 1.3 million Syrian refugee children)					
# of persons benefitting from cash-based interventions (including winter support) ¹	1,873,600		165,000	167,046	0
REFUGEE AND MIGRANT CRISIS IN EUROPE					
CHILD PROTECTION					
# of frontline workers trained ¹	1,450		200	66	66
# of children at-risk (including UASC) accessing specialized services through screening by mobile outreach teams ²	2,500	939	2,500	939	350
BASIC NEEDS					
# of children receiving basic relief items			37,500	3,589	327
FOOTNOTES					
EDUCATION: 1) For May, an additional 1,762 children enrolled (877 girls and 885 boys). The total enrolment year to date is 11,595 (5,827 girls and 5,768 boys).					
EDUCATION: 2) 252,735 girls and 247,108 boys. This figure is the highest enrolment achievement, as of January 2017. UNICEF's target was determined end-2016, based on an analysis of available data as well as projected refugee population figures at the time. Since then, the number of Syrian children in formal education has increased significantly; targets will be revised accordingly at mid-year. Updated figures will be updated upon receipt from MoNE.					
EDUCATION: 3) For May, an additional 568 children enrolled (273 boys and 295 girls). The total enrolment year to date is 12,228 (5,639 boys and 6,589 girls). Non-formal and informal education interventions include the teaching of Turkish as a second language, basic literacy and numeracy classes, remedial and catch-ups courses, as well as community outreach and mobilization to encourage enrolment into the formal education system.					
EDUCATION: 4) May 2017 figures total 13,158 (7,087 women and 6,071 men). Maximum figure for the year to date is 13,180 (7,119 women, 6,061 men). This support is provided to teachers every month. The sector target was determined end-2016, based on an analysis of available data as well as projected refugee population figures at the time. Since then, the number of Syrian children enrolled in formal education has increased significantly, leading to more demand for qualified Syrian volunteer teachers.					
EDUCATION: 5) For May, an additional 18,616 teachers were trained (10,201 women and 8,415 men). The total teachers trained year to date is 55,639 (31,043 women and 24,596 men).					
CHILD PROTECTION: 1) 2,715 girls, 2,694 boys.					
CHILD PROTECTION: 2) 573 girls, 1,087 boys.					
CHILD PROTECTION: 3) 1,200 girls, 1,265 boys.					
CHILD PROTECTION: 4) 173 women, 123 men.					
YOUTH: 1) 4,238 girls, 2,266 boys.					
BASIC NEEDS: 1) Results reported under this indicator are as of January 2017; beneficiaries reached in December 2016 were counted against the 2016 3RP.					
CHILD PROTECTION: 1) This result includes 30 frontline workers trained in March 2017. Due to recent changes in the reporting mechanisms of NGO partners, UNICEF was not able to verify and report on this number previously.					
CHILD PROTECTION: 2) 173 girls, 177 boys.					